

PHONE & UZZELL, PROPRIETORS.
PAYETTEVILLE STREET,
OVER W. C. STONACH & CO'S STORE.

CASH—INvariably in advance.
The DAILY NEWS will be delivered to
subscribers at FIFTEEN CENTS per week,
payable to the carrier weekly. Mailed at
\$2.00 per annum; \$3.50 for six months; \$2 for three
months. The WEEKLY NEWS at \$2 per annum.

MORNING EDITION.

The Raleigh Daily News.

TUESDAY, JANUARY 21, 1873.

Special Notices inserted in the
Local Column will be charged Fifteen
Cents per line.

All parties ordering the News
will please send the money for the
time the paper is wanted.

Messrs. Griffin and Hoffman, Newspaper
Advertising Agents, No. 4 South Street,
Baltimore, Md., are daily authorized to
contract for advertisements at our lowest rates.
Advertisers in that city are requested to
leave their favors with this house.

LOCAL MATTER.

E. C. WOODSON, City Editor.

Post Office Directory.

RALEIGH POST OFFICE ARRANGEMENT.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 1/2 A. M. TO 7 P. M.

Time of Arrival and Closing the Mails:

Western—Due at 7 A. M. Close at
5:30 P. M.

Eastern—Due at 6 P. M. Close at 6:30
A. M.

Northern via Weldon—Due at 3:30
P. M. Close at 9:15 A. M.

Northern via Greensboro—Due at 7
A. M. Close at 5:30 P. M.

Fayetteville and Chatham Railroad
Mail—Due at 9:30 A. M. Close at 3:00
P. M.

Mails received or sent on Sundays.

Put all letters for mailing in letter
box, as that is the last place we look
for them before closing a mail. It is
not certain that a letter will leave by
first outgoing mail, when it is handed in
at general delivery window, or to a
Clerk.

Office hours for Money Order and
Registered Letter Departments from 9
A. M. to 4 P. M.

C. J. ROGERS,
Postmaster.

For latest news by telegraph,
see Fourth Page.

LOCAL BRIEFS.

All quiet in police circles yesterday.

Lobbyists continue to arrive by every
train.

A splendid collection of mules at
Wynne's stables.

Senator Price, of Rowan and Davie,
is in Greensboro sick.

Messrs. Troy, Seymour and Grandy,
appeared in their seats in the Senate
yesterday.

The subscription list of the News is
rapidly increasing, but our books will
hold thousands of names still.

There will be a regular Convention
of the Raleigh Chapter, No. 10, this
evening at 7 1/2 o'clock. A full atten-
dance is desired.

The proposition to form several more
new counties is before the Senate. We
might add that such propositions are
generally unpopular.

M. A. Parker, the live and enterpris-
ing commission merchant on Martin
street, is in receipt of a lot of fresh goods
in his line. See his advertisement
elsewhere.

The old Fair Grounds are to be sold
in building lots on the 30th inst. It has
been surveyed and laid off into squares
and streets to conform with other por-
tions of the city.

The Job Office of the News is pre-
pared to do all manner of job work at
the shortest notice and in the best man-
ner. Good workmen only are employ-
ed. Send in your orders.

The Tarboro Southern says that if
Edgecombe county is to be afflicted
with a Republican Senator, that it is
fortunate in having as good a man as
the present Senator, McCabe.

Those for and against the proposed
new county of Gilliam will be heard
before the Committee on Propositions
and Grievances in the Committee room
of the Senate this P. M., from 3 to 5.

The Building Committee of the State
Agricultural Society meets this evening
at 8 o'clock at the residence of Capt. T.
P. Lee. The members of the Commit-
tee are requested to attend promptly.

JULIUS LEWIS & CO.—By reference to
the advertising columns of the News,
it will be seen that Messrs. Julius Lewis
& Co. have on hand one of the largest
and most complete stocks of hardware
ever offered in this city, to which they
invite the attention of purchasers and
dealers. Their spacious and beautiful
store, the Fisher iron front building on
the corner of Fayetteville street and
Exchange Place, is conveniently situated,
and just the place to buy your hard-
ware. They have the largest stock, the
prettiest store and are the most liberal
dealers in the city. Go and see them.

THE GALAXY.—The February num-
ber of this excellent magazine has
reached us. This is one of our favorite
periodicals and its coming is hailed with
pleasure. Its table of contents is at-
tractive. The Galaxy enjoys a wide
spread reputation for its merit. The
subscription price is only \$4 per year.
Address Sheldon & Company, No. 677
Broadway, N. Y.

COMING TO RALEIGH.—Dr. George
Graham, son of Hon. W. A. Graham,
who has been in Atlanta, Ga., for a year
or two past, has returned to his native
State and purposes to settle in Raleigh
and devote himself specially and ex-
clusively to the Eye and Ear. The
Doctor is a finished scholar and gentle-
man, and will prove an ornament to our
city profession.

SENATOR WARRING.—The many friend
of the able Senator from Mecklenburg
Col. Warring will be pleased to learn
that this gentleman has sufficiently re-
covered from his late illness as to be
able to fill his seat again.

VOL. 1.

RALEIGH, N. C. TUESDAY MORNING, JANUARY 21, 1873.

NO. 245.

LEGISLATIVE INCIDENTS.—Yesterday

during the consideration of a claim of
M. C. Wiggins, of Halifax, against the
State, Mr. Goodwyn made a good hit on
Mr. Brown, of Davidson. It happened
thus: Mr. B. had occupied the floor
several times in opposition to the
claim and discussed the statute of limi-
tation very extensively. Mr. Goodwyn,
in reply to the gentleman's last ef-
fort, said that he was very glad Mr.
Brown had introduced the subject of
limitations, as he hoped the statute
would now operate in favor of the af-
flicted members of the House, and put
a stop to that gentleman's innumera-
ble and long-winded harangues.

When the bill to consolidate the
North Carolina Narrow Gauge Railroad
with the Chester and Lenoir Nar-
row Gauge Railroad of S. C., came up Mr.
Houston made the following remarks:

Inasmuch as this bill has not been
before a Committee of the House, it
having passed the Senate, and as it was
a matter of considerable interest, not
only to my constituents, but to several
counties in South Carolina, as well as in
this State, I desire to submit this brief
statement of its provisions, viz:

It authorizes the Carolina Narrow
Gauge Railroad Company, upon consent
of the stockholders of said company,
to consolidate with the Chester and Le-
noir Narrow Gauge Railroad Company,
of South Carolina, as well as with any
other narrow gauge railroad company
that may be chartered by that State, to
build a railroad from Chester to the
North Carolina line.

2nd. The question of consolidation
shall be submitted to the stockholders
of the Carolina Narrow Gauge Railroad
Company, within six months from the
passage of this act.

3rd. The consolidated company may
assume such corporate name as the
stockholders of the two companies may
agree upon.

There is nothing, that I know of at
all objectionable in this bill; its object
being the creation of railroad facilities
for a very productive portion of the
State. I trust it will be allowed to
pass to its several readings to-day.

SUPREME COURT DECISIONS.—Opin-

ions were filed by the Justices yesterday
in the following cases:

By PEARSON, C. J.

John L. Hinton vs. Benjamin F.
Whitehurst, administrator, et al., from
Pasquotank. Error. Judgment re-
versed.

Francis King vs. J. E. Winants,
from New Hanover. Error. Judg-
ment reversed.

By READE, J.

E. G. Larhins et al., vs. P. Murphy,
administrator, from New Hanover. No
error. Judgment affirmed.

State vs. Samuel McMillan, et al.,
from Richmond. No error. Judgment
affirmed.

By RODMAN, J.

State vs. Leonard Pepper, from Rob-
eson. Judgment arrested and prisoner
to be discharged.

Benjamin Rush et al., vs. The Hal-
cyon Steamboat Company, from Cum-
berland. First motion refused; second
motion granted.

By BORDEN, J.

State vs. Eli Simons and Gus Allen,
from Anson. No error. Judgment
affirmed.

State vs. Edward Williams, from
Pitt. No error. Judgment affirmed.

By SETTLE, J.

Thos. D. McDowell, administrator,
vs. William H. White, from Bladen.
Error. Judgment reversed.

W. B. Ferebee vs. N. C. Home
Insurance Co., from Camden. No error.
Judgment affirmed.

SUPREME COURT.—The Court met at

10 o'clock, A. M. All the Justices
present.

Appeals from the Third Judicial Dis-
trict were heard as follows:

C. N. Swann, et al., vs. L. Barrington
administrator, for plaintiff from Craven.
Smith & Strong and A. G. Hubbard for
defendants. Report filed. Report con-
firmed.

D. A. & L. W. Humphreys, executors
vs. R. W. Ward, executor, et al., from
Onslow. Smith & Strong for plaintiffs
and Battle & Sons and A. G. Hubbard,
for defendants. Continued for issues.

Henry King, executor, vs. Wilming-
ton & Weldon Railroad Company, from
Wilson. Smith & Strong, for plaintiffs,
Moore & Gatling for defendants. Con-
tinued.

C. S. Wooden, administrator, vs. Jno.
V. Sherrard, et al., from Wayne. W.
T. Faircloth, for plaintiffs, Smith &
Strong for defendants. Argued.

Doe on dem. Exum Holland, vs. Pro-
bate B. Scott, from Wayne. A. S. Sey-
mour, for plaintiff, Moore & Gatling,
and W. T. Dorch, for defendant.
Settled, terms to be filed.

Daniel Perry, vs. Edward Hill, from
Lenoir. J. H. Moore, for plaintiff, and
Smith & Strong, for defendant.
Argued.

J. Henry Davis, vs. William J. Smith,
from Cartaret. A. G. Hubbard, for plain-
tiff, J. H. Houghton for defendant.
Continued.

M. S. Cohen, vs. C. G. Holt, from
Wayne, no counsel for plaintiff, Smith
& Strong, for defendant. Argued.

Boylston Insurance Company, et al.,
vs. Jno. D. Davis, from Cartaret, Judge
Green, for plaintiffs, and J. H. Houghton
& A. G. Hubbard, for defendant.
Argued.

John Andrews, administrator, vs. F.
McDaniel, from Jones, Judge Green for
plaintiff, J. H. Houghton & A. G. Hub-
bard, for defendants. Argued.

FATAL ACCIDENT.—Thomas R. Law-

rence, Esq., a very respectable and well-
to-do farmer of Buckhorn township,
was instantly killed on Thursday last by
felling a tree on himself while at work
in his low grounds. A little son of Mr.
Lawrence's was in the low grounds at
the time, heard his father cutting and
also the fall of the tree. A short
time afterwards he went to where he
supposed his father was at work, when
he found him a lifeless corpse, under the
main body of the fallen tree.

R. S. PULLEN AND OTHERS VS. BOARD

OF CITY COMMISSIONERS OF RALEIGH.—

This case was heard before Judge
Watts, at Chambers, on Saturday last.
Messrs. Moore & Gatling appeared for
plaintiffs and Messrs. J. C. L. Harris
and T. M. Argo for the defendants.
The following is the Judge's decision:

Battle & Sons, Moore & Gatling, for
plaintiffs; J. C. L. Harris, City Attorney,
and T. M. Argo, for City of Ra-
leigh.

This case having been submitted by
the parties upon the facts agreed with-
out action, and having heard the argu-
ments of counsel for plaintiffs and de-
fendants, I decide as follows:

The city of Raleigh being a munici-
pal corporation organized and acting
under a charter granted by the State,
which is made part of the case agreed,
claims the right under section 9, Art.
VII, of the State Constitution and its
charter above referred to, to levy a tax
upon all solvent credits and securities
situated within the city limits, and
under the constitution and laws of the
State, which is made part of the case
agreed, to require the holders of such
credits and securities to pay the same
into the city treasury, to be used for
the purposes of the city.

The case does not contain the affi-
davits required by sec. 315, C. C. P., to
show that the controversy is real and
the proceedings in good faith to deter-
mine the right of the parties, and is
otherwise imperfectly stated. But as
the controversy is no doubt real and in-
volves questions of importance and in-
terest to the parties, I will proceed to
decide it according to my view of the
law.

The case is: The plaintiffs are citizens
and residents within the corporate
limits of the city of Raleigh, over whom
said city have legal power and authority
under the constitution and laws of the
State. These parties own certain sol-
vent credits and securities upon which
the city authorities have assessed a tax
for city purposes. The amount and
kind of this property and tax assessed
are not stated. The question is there-
fore presented, have the authorities of
the city a right to levy a tax for city pur-
poses upon the solvent credits and se-
curities owned by the plaintiffs and
others like them, residing in the city,
of the constitution provides that "All
taxes levied by any county, city, town
or township shall be uniform and ad-
valorem upon all property in the same
except property exempt by this consti-
tution." It is contended for the de-
fendants that this is a constitutional pro-
vision for the taxation of all property
by the city authorities and providing
further the way in which this tax shall
be levied. For the plaintiffs it is con-
tended that the property here used
must be taken in its restricted sense and
was not intended to embrace choses in
action and securities of the kind men-
tioned or intended herein.

My opinion is, that this section was
intended to declare simply the manner
in which municipal corporations should
levy taxes, to wit: that they should be
uniform and advalorem, and not to
declare the subjects to be taxed by them.
This was to be done by other parts of
the Constitution where the general sub-
ject of taxation was treated of and pro-
vided for, and by general laws passed
under the Constitution by the Legisla-
ture on this subject. And by Sec. 4,
Art. 8, general power is given to the
Legislature to provide for the organiza-
tion of cities, towns, etc., and to restrict
their power of taxation, etc. This seems
to give general control to the Legisla-
ture on the subject of municipal corpo-
rations, and the Legislature may under
it restrict the power of taxation by these
corporations as it may think proper,
regard being had to other parts of
the Constitution. My opinion, there-
fore, is, that the right of the defendants
to levy this tax does not depend on,
and is not controlled by the said 9th
Section of 7th Article of the Constitution,
but must depend on the Charter, granted
by the Legislature to this corporation, or
the general law of the State in relation
to towns, etc. Upon the examination
of the Charter and this general law, I
am of the opinion that no such power
as that now claimed by the defendants
is granted by either.

My decision therefore is that the de-
fendants have no right to tax solvent
credits and securities, and that such tax
is illegal. S. W. WATTS, J. S. C.

THE IMBROGLIO IN VERSE.—It is

known to some individuals that Homer
sang the siege of Troy, and that num-
bers of other epic poems have recited
the details of battles, sieges, &c., but
now the Bard of Rham Katte eclipses
them all by celebrating in song the
imbroglio which has just arisen in re-
gard to the office of Superintendent of
Public Instruction. Here it is:

THE IMBROGLIO OF LETTERS.

Our world, indeed seems to be now at war,
We snuff up the breeze near and afar;
And right their rights both become
sick.

Not blood or glory can either stretch
Nor blood or glory can either stretch
Look again further, and what we see,
The strangest of all an educational spree;
To hate war and love peace—prime object
sought—
With first the three R's—that all must be
taught!

On the warpath of letters must we vain
wander—
A battle's begun with a Scotch Alexander,
Thou rumpus in spelling is fun to be sure,
The want of instruction's worse than im-
broglie!

Whether Battle or Bellum we choose to
call it,
'Tis a bad war of words, whatever befall it,
Down South for mastery two Gov'nors
strive,
For the ear of State—which driver shall
drive.

We've but one Governor here it is true,
But two Supple-intendents is something
new.

Does vacancy exist? Vacant bellies heard,
Give us "obiter dictum," when counsel
have need!

"By death, resignation, or otherwise"—
Let him of full heart at last win the prize!
"Quo warranto, mandamus," while'er the
degree—
"Frequently relations" we all hope to see;
"Obscure post obscures"—surest of all,
No matter who begins—"tis the last first
ball.

Your youths of both races instructed aright,
The R's are alike taught to black and to
white.

In due, no matter how the Bench may de-
cide,
The one that's selected be first "qualified."

MEETING.—There will be a called

meeting of the Executive Committee of
the N. C. Agricultural Society this
evening at 7 1/2 o'clock at the Yarrow
House. A full and prompt attendance
is earnestly requested, as business of
much importance will come before the
meeting.

The meeting is called at the instance
of the President.

SUNDAY SCHOOL MASS MEETING.—

There was a general Sunday School
mass meeting of all the Sunday schools
in the city at the Baptist Church Sun-
day afternoon. Highly interesting ad-
dresses were delivered by the Revs.
Messrs. McCullough, the General Sun-
day School Agent of the Southern
Baptist Convention, and Jones, the
Missionary Sunday School Agent for
this State.

CITY PROPERTY FOR SALE.—Mr. J.

H. Kirkham advertises elsewhere that
he will sell privately at public auc-
tion, on the 31st inst., a house and lot,
and other lots adjoining, located on
Holleman Row. See notice.

OBITUARY.

Died at his residence in Wake county,
January 18th, Charles F. Johns, Esq., after
a long and very painful illness, which he
bore with singular patience and fortitude.
In all the relations of life, as a son, brother,
husband, a friend and a neighbor, he was
not merely blameless, but exemplary. His
last days were soiled by all that the most
tender affection and assiduous attention
could bestow on the part of those who loved
him best, and when he, in his turn, was
prized and cherished. In his last hours,
united with his kindred and Pastor in
earnest supplication to God, Sunday his
mortal remains were committed to the
grave in the presence of a large number
of sympathizing friends. So much as to re-
member our ways that we may apply a
heavenly wisdom. J. M. A.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Mattress Maker and Upholster.

Repairing done at shortest notice, and
prices to suit, on Dawson street, between
Hillsboro and Edenton streets.
Jan 21-21.

MEMBERS OF THE LEGISLA-

TURE

Wishing to procure WATSON'S NEW

REMBRANT PHOTOGRAPHS,

are requested to call early; do not put it off
until too late, as the plates are getting
scarce, and sit at once, in order that your pictures
may be executed in the very best style.
Remember the place, and come to the
Tucker Hall. J. W. WATSON.
Jan 21-17

VALUABLE CITY PROPERTY

FOR SALE!

A HOUSE with five rooms, fire-place to
each room, with all the necessary appur-
tenances, and a good well of water in yard. If
the same is not sold privately, it will be sold at
public auction, in front of Court House
door, on

FRIDAY, THE 21ST OF JANUARY,

last, part cash, and balance on 1 and 2 years
credit.

The house is located on Holleman Row,
between 2nd and 3rd streets, and adjoining with
lot sold at the same time in lots to suit pur-
chaser. J. H. KIRKHAM.
Jan 21-17

IMPORTANT LAND SALE.

The old Fair Grounds east of the city have
been divided into desirable building lots,
and will be sold at public auction on

THURSDAY, THE 30TH JAN., 1873.

Terms—one-third cash, and the remain-
der in six and twelve months.

To those in want of building lots, or wish-
ing to make good investments, such an op-
portunity will not again present itself.

Martin street, 66 feet wide, runs through
the lot, and the street is 112 feet wide, and
runs through north and south.

A plot of the grounds may be seen by
calling on Mr. P. A. Wiley, Treasurer of the
Society.

Jno. G. Williams, J. M. Heck, G. W.
Bishop, J. C. Crook, H. Mahler, S. Pullen,
Selling Committee.

By order of THOMAS M. HOLTY,
President of N. C. Agricultural Society.
Jan 21-17

GUANO, GUANO, GUANO.

I have on hand a large lot

Wann's Rawbone Phosphate.

Would also call the attention of the farmers
and planters to the well known

Stonewall Fertilizer,

which is, by analysis, the best in market.
Jan 21-17

JUST RECEIVED.

A large lot N. C. Corn Whisky, in bar-
rels and half barrels, and also Whisky,
in half barrels to suit the trade.
Jan 21-17

M. A. PARKER.

A. G. LEE & CO.

Wholesale and Retail Grocers,

COTTON FACTORS

AND

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

Wilmington St., east of Market,

RALEIGH, N. C.

Keep on hand a complete stock of Heavy
Groceries,

Hardware,

Shoes and Leather,

Willow and Wooden Ware,

Domestics,

Ginghams,

Cotton Yarns, &c., &c.

They solicit consignments of all kinds,
country produce especially

COTTON.

CORN,

FLOUR,

HAY,

SUGARS,

POWDER,

N. C. BACON,

AND POULTRY.

Special attention given to sale of cotton.
Insistences closely observed. Can sell on
arrival, or store under instructions, if pre-
ferred. Ample storage-room for storage.
JAN 21-17

A. G. LEE & CO.

PHUM! WANDO FERTILIZER!!

COTTON FOOD!!

We are again prepared to fill orders for
the above Fertilizer. The result of last
year's experiments by our best farmers is
so satisfactory that comment is unneces-
sary. We respectfully solicit orders.

A. G. LEE & CO.

CANNED OYSTERS, MACCARONI,

Wax and Adamantine Candles, Starch,
Toilet and Laundry Soaps.

A. G. LEE & CO.

WELSH'S GILT-EDGE BUTTER,

Cream Cheese, Soda and Lemon Biscuits,
Orders solicited.

A. G. LEE & CO.

100 CASES CANNED PEACHES.

A. G. LEE & CO.

LEGISLATURE OF NORTH CAR-

OLINA.

SENATE.

The Raleigh Daily News.

JORDAN STONE, Managing Editor.
SAM'L T. WILLIAMS, Political Editor.
TUESDAY, JANUARY 21, 1873.

A RELIC OF BARBARISM.

Usury laws are denounced in Gov. Dix's message to the New York Legislature as relics of barbarism. Some of the ablest papers in the country, both North and South, are demanding their repeal.

In the Northern States, where the restrictions on money have been removed, the most advantageous results have followed. The law has been changed in obedience to the demands of the agricultural interests, and the evils that were predicted from a repeal of usury statutes have not been realized.

Six years ago, the usury law was repealed in Massachusetts and an act passed, fixing the legal rate at six per cent, but leaving parties free to contract at any rates that might be specified in the agreement. Connecticut and Rhode Island have passed similar laws, and have also several of the Western States, and the consequence has been that borrowers have been benefited, and the rate of interest has been diminished.

We have already quoted from the New York Journal of Commerce an editorial, sustaining Gov. Dix's position. The New York Post, as well as the World, takes the same ground.

The Post shows plainly that the usury laws of New York have proved highly pernicious to the commercial interests of that State. The law is very stringent against those who take more than the legal rates, but notwithstanding the severe penalties, money-lenders "daily defy the law and enrich themselves." Seven per cent. is the legal rate in New York, and no one is allowed to charge more, without incurring punishment for a violation of the law. The Post gives the following practical illustration of the manner in which the statute is evaded with impunity, showing the evil effects of restrictions on money:

"For six weeks preceding January 1st, the average rate in Wall street on loans, with approved collateral securities, was 23 per cent. The scrupulous part of the money-lenders there accept more than 20 per cent. gold, but their money is taken by those who defy the law and enrich themselves." "Seven per cent. is the legal rate in New York, and no one is allowed to charge more, without incurring punishment for a violation of the law. The Post gives the following practical illustration of the manner in which the statute is evaded with impunity, showing the evil effects of restrictions on money:

The New York World says, editorially:

"It is simply preposterous to talk about the anti-usury laws really protecting any one, even if he needed protection, which we deny that he does. If the so-called law is in the way, it is broken, or it leads to some more wasteful mode of obtaining the necessary loan. The laws fixing a certain rate of interest, and declaring that no one shall deal in money at a higher rate, no matter what may be his necessities or condition of the market, are just as preposterous as a law fixing the price of a man's overcoat would be."

The Baltimore Gazette, one of the ablest papers in the South, commenting on the above extracts from the Post and World, says:

"Here in Maryland, we are peculiarly situated. Our laws fix the legal rate at six per cent. In New York, the legal rate is seven per cent. In Ohio, the rate may be fixed by agreement between the parties, and even in the District of Columbia, Congress has legislated all contracts for money up to ten per cent. We are thus subject to drain on all sides, and it is incalculable the amount of the money that leaves the State annually in consequence of our rate of interest being inflexibly fixed by law at six per cent., and the necessity that thus arises of either violating the law or risking its penalties."

The Gazette then proceeds to show that the apprehensions of people living in the country, that they would be compelled to pay a higher rate if money was free, is a great mistake. The law is constantly evaded, and the borrowers are compelled to pay more than the law allows. If money was unrestricted, competition would be stimulated, and large sums now annually sent from the State for more profitable investment, would be kept at home.

North Carolina is in the same situation with Maryland. Virginia allows twelve per cent and our State eight, on special contracts. Our surplus capital is constantly flowing to Virginia for investment.

In behalf of the borrowers of money, in behalf of the agricultural interests of North Carolina, we ask the Legislature either to adopt the Virginia law allowing twelve per cent on special contracts, or remove all restrictions on special agreements for money—keeping the legal rate, in the absence of any understanding to the contrary, at six per cent.

The number of Brigham Young's wives, according to Miss Sara Alexander, late of Utah, who is lecturing in the West, has been greatly overestimated. The president secludes his loneliness with twenty-five ladies to him for time, besides a large bevy of others who by some peculiar process are supposed to be sealed to him for eternity. We are grieved that Mr. Young has been misrepresented in this particular; but a man of his rigidly correct notions and abstemious life is not to be injured by the wrong stories and malicious reflections of an entire world.

"CLOSER THAN A BROTHER."

Although his term of office expired on the first of the present month, Mr. McIver, like Gen. Jackson, "takes the responsibility" and remains in office. He refuses to surrender the position of Superintendent of Public Instruction to the Governor's appointee, H. N. Kemp P. Battle. Mr. McIver is a lawyer as well as a school teacher, but it remains to be seen whether the reasons he gives for his singular action will hold water before the Courts.

Office sticklers closer to this ex-professor of the University (I) than the dearest brother.—Wilmington Star.

We regret that the new Superintendent of Public Instruction should be embarrassed at the threshold of his duties by the entanglement of technical Constitutional points, which have been raised touching the legality of his appointment. But inasmuch as the question has arisen, we would be glad to have it decided by the Supreme Court, so that the meaning of the Constitution may be established.

Certainly the Constitution did not intend to continue Ashley's term longer than January 1st, 1873. Mr. McIver was appointed by Gov. Caldwell to fill the vacancy caused by Ashley's resignation. The person who was elected to succeed Ashley died before qualifying. Mr. Battle has been appointed to fill the term for which the deceased was elected. But Mr. McIver contends, as the individual elected did not qualify, therefore he had no property in the office, and his death could not cause a vacancy; but that the old appointee is continued in office, and is entitled to hold it until his successor is "elected and qualified," according to the language of the State Constitution.

Such a construction seems to us a violation of the spirit and intent of the law, however the language of the Constitution may appear to sustain it. The question will probably be decided by the Supreme Court during its present term, and the sooner the decision is made the better it will be for the State.

The act of Governor Caldwell in appointing Mr. Battle has called forth general approval from our Conservative exchanges, and the Radical papers that ensure the Governor for not selecting one of his own party, speak of Mr. Battle's fitness and ability for the position in high terms.

CORRUPTION IN SOUTH CAROLINA.

The Congressional Committee on Elections have made their report to the House in the case of C. C. Bowen against Delarge, from South Carolina, in which they state, according to our telegrams to-day, that there was so much corruption on both sides they are unable to decide which one of the claimants is entitled to the seat.

Of all the Southern States, South Carolina is most the mercy of political rogues and swindlers. It is true that Arkansas, Louisiana and Alabama are reaping some of the bitter fruits of Radical reconstruction, but the parties are so evenly balanced numerically, that the influence of the true men of the State is felt and acknowledged.

But in South Carolina, the situation of affairs is even more deplorable. With the Legislature overwhelmingly Radical, with a Governor who has openly been charged with leading members of his own party with being a thief and a swindler, with a unanimous Radical Congressional delegation, with a United States Senator lately released from jail on bail, to answer the charge of obtaining his seat by bribery, with a State debt so enormously increased that not even the Governor or State Treasurer can approximate its real amount—with such a dark prospect before it as no State or people has ever had, the condition of South Carolina is indeed pitiable and humiliating.

Washington Affairs.

From the Washington correspondent of the DAILY NEWS, of the 16th inst., we make the following interesting extracts:

THE PRESIDENT'S LEVEE.

The President held his first levee last evening, when a large and gay concourse of people were in attendance. The carpets were covered as customary on these occasions, where the sovereigns have the right to call, uninvited, on their chief servant, the President. The Marine band discoursed most excellent music while the crowd, promiscuously chatted, flirted and gossiped. The toilettes of the ladies, as usual in such assemblages, ranged from exquisite good taste to that of shocking bad, which latter the coarseness of the dresses could not conceal. The men were arrayed in solemn black which would answer equally as well for a funeral. Our style of sombre black for festive occasions strikes foreigners as most ludicrous, and they dub our entertainments "crow parties." There is a change coming over the mind of fashionable Young America in this regard, and the very cheering prospect is that a revolution in gentlemen's evening dress will soon take place.

HOW SENATORS ARE MADE.

During the examination of Mr. Thos. C. Durant, yesterday, he testified that he gave \$10,000 to assist in the election of Mr. Harlan, of Iowa, to the Senate in 1866. This created quite a sensation. Before Mr. Wilson's committee Cornelius S. Bushnell, one of the Credit Mobilier's, stated that he gave \$5,000 in 1870 to aid in securing Senator Thayer's re-election. This witness thought that every man should do something to save the country, and he was doing his share by helping Senator Thayer. In view of this testimony the resolution of Mr. Farnsworth yesterday, which was adopted, that Mr. Wilson's Credit Mobilier committee be instructed to inquire whether the Union Pacific Railroad or Credit Mobilier has contributed to the election of any Senator or Representative is quite pertinent.

and it is thought will disclose a rather corrupt connection between some Western Senators and members and these powerful corporations.

POSTAL TELEGRAPH.

The question of the union of the telegraph with the postal service will come up for consideration in the Senate on Monday next, upon a bill and report made by the unanimous vote of the Senate Post Office Committee. The beneficial results claimed from the union are that facilities will be greatly increased, by making all post offices and near telegraph circuits, postal telegraph offices. This will give from 5,000 to 8,000 new offices without discontinuing any old ones. The rates will be reduced one-half, and the length of the message increased over 80 per cent., and for 25 cents a message of 25 words can be sent at night 1,000 miles. The rates to the press will be reduced to as great an extent, and for 75 cents 100 words can be sent 500 miles. The system will be in harmony with the mail service, letters and telegrams being received and delivered through the Post Office, transmitted between offices by contractors, owning and operating lines of railroad or telegraph, at rates fixed by Congress. This plan will give cheap telegraphy without cost to the Government, as the postage of five cents, to be paid on each telegram, will cover all expenses. I find that a large number of Democrats favor the measure—some in their own merits, and others, because they believe, if this plan is not now adopted, a Government telegraph will be forced upon the country, and every Democratic member infinitely prefers this to that.

DON'T LIKE THE PROSPECT.

It appears that the Liberal Republicans are not pleased at the prospect of remaining out in the cold for the coming four years, and especially as they claim that the Democracy give them the go by in dividing the offices; the election of Mr. Bogey, of Missouri, as Senator, being the last straw placed on the Liberal Republican camel's back, and a meeting has been called by them, to meet at St. Louis on the 29th of this month to consult what is best to do. A return to the Grant party is spoken of. The Liberals here are quite reticent on the subject.

A part of the track on the Pennsylvania railroad, near Allentown, suddenly sunk fifteen feet Friday, just after the western express had passed over it. Two men who were repairing the track had their legs broken by its giving way. Indianapolis proudly sets forth the statistical fact that it had six and a quarter marriages to every divorce last year.

MARRIED.

VERNER—PHILLIPS.—On the 15th of January, by the Rev. Dr. C. Phillips, in the Chapel at Davidson College, Mr. JOHN S. VERNER, of Ocoee county, S. C., to Miss MARY C. PHILLIPS.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

JULIUS LEWIS, NICK W. WEST, JULIUS LEWIS & CO., DEALERS IN

PAINTS, GLASS.

HARDWARE, STOVES,

CUTLERY,

WAGON & BUGGY MATERIALS,

Tin-Roofers,

(Fisher Building.)

RALEIGH, N. C.

DEATH IN A LAMP.

Four Persons burned to Death by the Explosion of a Lamp.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Jan. 9, 1873.

Last evening, near Morton's Station, in Delaware county, Pa., Mrs. Carr and three children were burned to death by the explosion of a combination fluid. Mrs. Carr was filling a lamp which was not lighted, but the heat of the room raised a vapor from the fluid which was ignited by the stove, from which the lamp was two yards distant. —New York Herald Jan. 11th.

PRATT'S ASTRAL OIL

IS PERFECTLY SAFE.

It has been before the public eight years. It is now used by

40,000 FAMILIES.

It has never been the cause of an accident directly or indirectly.

It does not smoke.

It burns in any lamp.

It is as clear as Spring Water.

It is perfectly safe.

It is sold at the same price as Common Kerosene.

It makes a better light than any oil now in use.

It is sold ONLY at the Hardware House of JULIUS LEWIS & CO., Raleigh, N. C.

Sole Agents for Middle and Western N. C.

Ask for PRATT'S ASTRAL OIL. Don't take any other.

Send or write for a circular. Jan 21-12m.

THE CONNECTICUT MUTUAL

LIFE INSURANCE CO.,

OF HARTFORD, CONN.,

Annual Income, Nearly

\$10,000,000.00!!!

This Company has steadily pursued two great practical ends:

FIRST.

To place its policies beyond the power of adverse contingencies.

SECOND.

To reduce the actual outlay of its members for their policies to the lowest possible rate. To accomplish this, it allows him to retain from 20 to 30 per cent. of the first premium as a permanent credit or loan, and to retain from each subsequent premium that portion of the previous year's full premium actually proved to be surplus; so that at no time does the company take from him a higher actual premium than is needed to carry the risk for the year, and provide the reinsurance fund. It is strictly Mutual. Nothing is diverted to stockholders, and each member has his insurance at its exact cost to the company. Its rate of expense has been from the beginning less than that of other companies.

S. DOUGLAS WAIT, Gen. Agent, Jan 21-12m.

Office Opposite Post Office, Raleigh, N. C.

FRESH CRANBERRIES.

Mine Meat.

W. C. STONACH.

S R A Y E D

A HEIFER, red and white, with red spots on the side and white face, no mark in the ear, and near two years old, has been staying upon our premises for some months past, and this info give notice to the owner that the said Heifer must be claimed, at once, or ownership will be forfeited under law.

Jan 17-4t S. SMITH & CO. Raleigh, N. C.

HORSES, HORSES, HORSES.

\$115, One black mare, 6 years old, 13 hands high, sound.
\$150, One sorrel mare, 4 years old, 15 hands high, sound.
\$100, One bay horse, 9 years old, 14 hands high, sound.
\$100, One bay horse, 8 years old, 14 hands high, one eye.

G. T. STONACH & BRO.

WHISKEY! WHISKEY!

40 barrels Corn Whiskey, in half barrels. 50 barrels Rye Whiskey.

Port and Sherry on draft.

Jan 16-12 G. T. STONACH & BRO.

NEW BOARDING HOUSE.

MRS. TAYLOR

will open her new Boarding House on the 14th inst., in Prairie's New Block,

Wilmington Street.

The rooms are large and pleasant, and is a very desirable place for the members of the Legislature, as it is near the Capitol.

Terms of board \$80 per month. Ten or fifteen day boarders wanted.

Jan 1-1m.

50 BOXES CANDY.

50 Boxes Cream, Farina, Soda

and

Lemon, Crackers,

PALE SOAP,

Fowler & Co's Bar and Cake Soap.

Dooley's Yeast Powder,

Worcestershire Sauce

English Chow Chow,

Best Cream Cheese,

Breakfast Bacon,

Canvassed Hams,

For sale by

dec 24-1m W. H. DODD.

BROMO-CHLORALUM

THE BEST DISINFECTANT

At nov 28-12t

SIMPSON'S Drug Store.

NORTH CAROLINA JEANS,

SATINETTS AND CASIMERES,

Just received at

PRIMROSE, PETTY & NEWSOM'S

dec 3-12t

COMPARTNERSHIP NOTICE.

J. J. Overby has associated with him in business J. J. Johnson, Esq., and the business will hereafter be conducted under the style and name of

OVERBY & JOHNSON.

Their stock of GENERAL GROCERIES, WINES and LIQUORS of every grade, is large and attractive. Call and see us.

Jan 18-3t

VALUABLE FURNITURE

FOR SALE.

On Saturday, the 8th day of February, 1873, at the residence of the late Judge Saunders, on Hillsboro' street, in this city, will be sold, at auction, a large lot of HOUSEHOLD and KITCHEN FURNITURE.

The sale will take place at 11 o'clock, A. M.

Terms made known on day of sale.

Adm'r of Mrs. A. H. Saunders.

Raleigh, Jan. 16, 1873.

54 FAYETTEVILLE STREET

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!

D. S. WAIT

Has just opened a complete stock of

Dry Goods, White Goods, Notions,

Ready Made Clothing,

Boots & Shoes,

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS,

HATS AND CAPS,

HOSIERY, TRUNKS, VALISES AND

TRAVELING BAGS.

Call and examine my stock, and you will be convinced that I am determined to

Deserve the Patronage

of all, by selling goods low for cash.

D. S. WAIT,

Two Doors above the Market.

dec 10-3m

W. H. TAYLOR, T. E. ELLIOTT, J. H. WATTS

TAYLOR, MARTIN & CO.

Wholesale Dealers in

HARDWARE,

Corner Main Street and Market Square.

NORFOLK, VA.

sept 11-12m

PIEDMONT & ARLINGTON LIEF

INSURANCE COMPANY,

Home Office Richmond, Va.

Income over One and a Quarter Millions

Policies Issued Over 17,500.

Expense of Management Less than any

Company of its Age in America.

DR. C. D. RICE, General Agent for Eastern North Carolina, Raleigh.

HON. D. W. COURTES, General Agent for Western North Carolina, Rutherford.

AGENTS WANTED.

Oct 28-3m

ORDERS FROM THE COUNTRY

for JOB WORK will receive prompt attention, and will be executed with neatness and cheapness, at the NEWS' office, Fayetteville street, Raleigh, N. C.

R. B. ANDREWS & CO.,

CLOTHIERS,

Respectfully asks the attention of

to their large and well assorted

STOCK OF

BOYS' & YOUTH'S CLOTHING

received this day.

Boys' and Youth's Overcoats,

Youth's and Boy's Talmes,

Boys' and Youth's School Suits,

Youth's and Boy's Dress Suits,

Overcoats and Business Suits

For extra large men,

Just received at

R. B. ANDREWS & CO'S,

de 1-12t Clothiers.

CHRISTMAS IS COMING.

Brown's Museum Prepared for the Reception of Guests.

THE LARGEST STOCK OF

Toys, Fancy Goods, Wonders and Curiosities

EVER BROUGHT TO THIS CITY.

The attention of the Members of the General Assembly especially desired.

NAT. L. BROWN,

Fayetteville Street,

2 doors South of Southern Express Office,

Has in store and receiving daily, the largest and most complete stock of

TOYS, CONFECTIONERIES AND

FANCY GOODS.

ever received in this city.

His stock of fine fancy goods of every variety, style and finish, suitable for

HOLIDAY PRESENTS,

is unprecedentedly large and embrace every article that can be desired.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS

of every style, pattern and price, are a specialty in his line.

AVIARY

has just been replenished with a large number of imported CANARY SONGSTERS, which are in fine health and condition, and the best singers ever before received by him. Also Mocking Birds and Parrots to order, which can be conveniently and safely shipped to any point. Cages and bird food always on hand.

Members of the General Assembly are respectfully invited to call at the

MUSEUM

and examine the many curiosities on exhibition.

Come One, Come All,

Special inducements offered to the trade

dec 17-12t

CHRISTMAS HOLIDAYS!!

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.,

Have added to their

LARGE STOCK,

Many desirable articles suitable for

CHRISTMAS PRESENTS.

Ladies Winter Dress Goods,

Scarfs, Neckties,

Cloth Cloaks and Sackes,

Gloves, Furs, &c.

MEMBERS OF THE LEG

